RS485

Teknik Antarmuka Komputer (TKE 4145)

Eka Maulana

Topics of Discussion

- Background on RS422 and RS485
- Converting RS232 to RS485
- The Benefits of RS485
- Making it Robust
- Programming DDE

Perbandingan RS 232 dan 485

KEY CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RS-232 AND RS-485 SERIAL INTERFACES

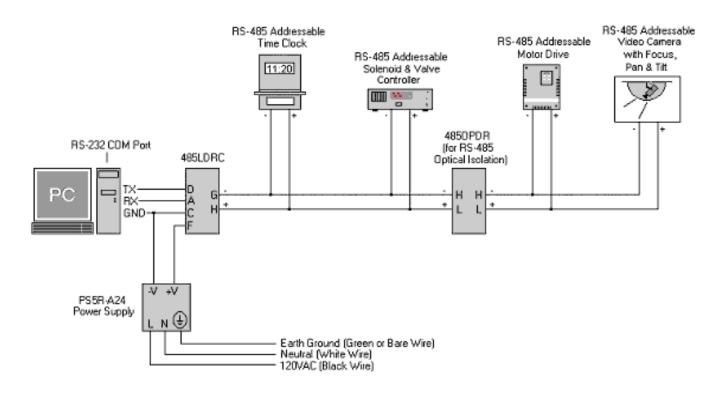
Parameter	RS-232	RS-485
Line configuration	Single-ended	Differential
Mode of operation	Simplex or full duplex	Simplex or half duplex
Maximum cable length	50 feet	4000 feet
Maximum data rate*	20 kbits/s	10 Mbits/s
Typical logic levels	±5 to ±15 V	±1.5 to ±6 V
Minimum receiver input impedance	3 to 7 kΩ	12 kΩ
Receiver sensitivity	±3 V	±200 mV

Maximum rate at maximum cable length

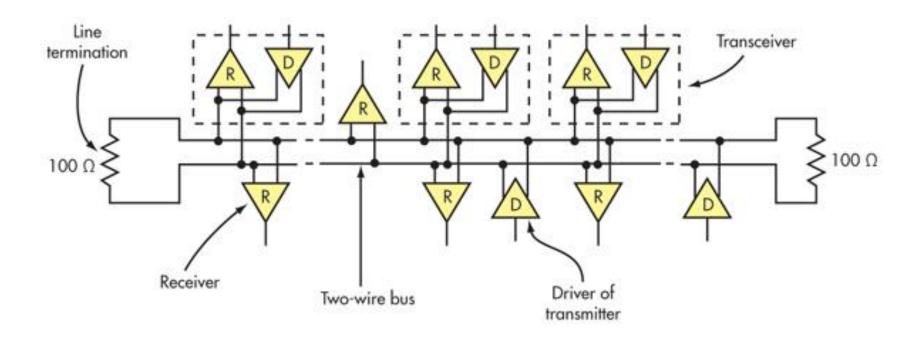
Background on RS485

- Building management, Dedicated print networks
- Security Systems, Camera Control.

Typical Industrial RS-485 2-Wire Network

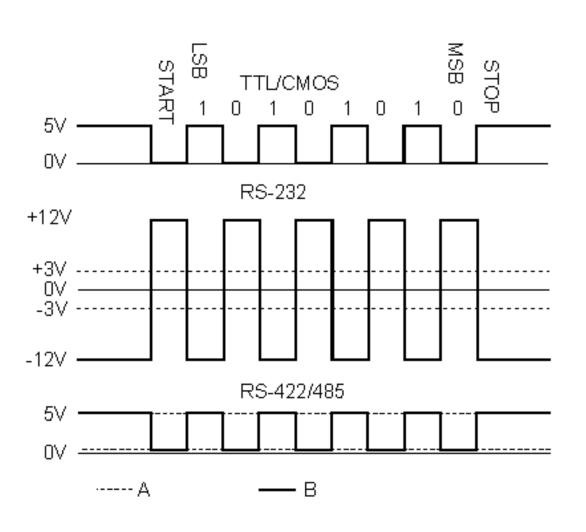


Tranceiver – Driver & Receiver

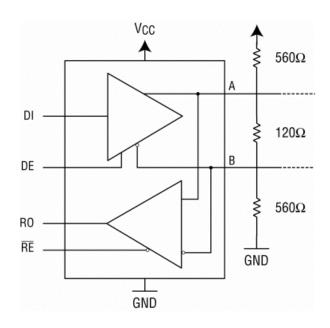


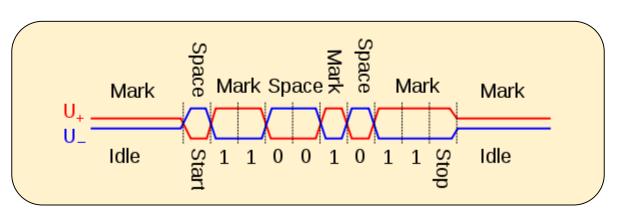
RS485 levels

ASCII "U" = 85 Decimal = 55 Hexidecimal = 01010101 Binary



Waveform





Benefits of RS485

- Multidrop: 32 devices on a single line without boosting
- Runs on a single 5 Volt rail
- Data-rate of 100KBps at 5,000 Feet
- Differential line means it has High noise immunity
- Easily implemented
- Can be easily made robust in harsh environments

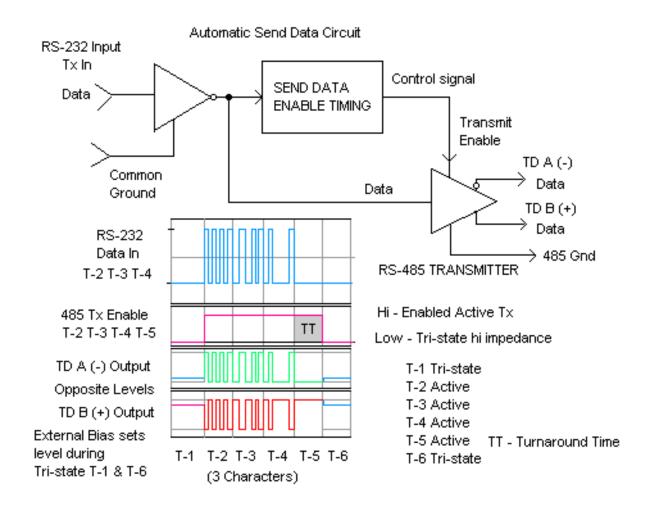
 The actual data format and type of network can be any level of complexity (Master Slave is the easiest)

Converting RS232 to RS485

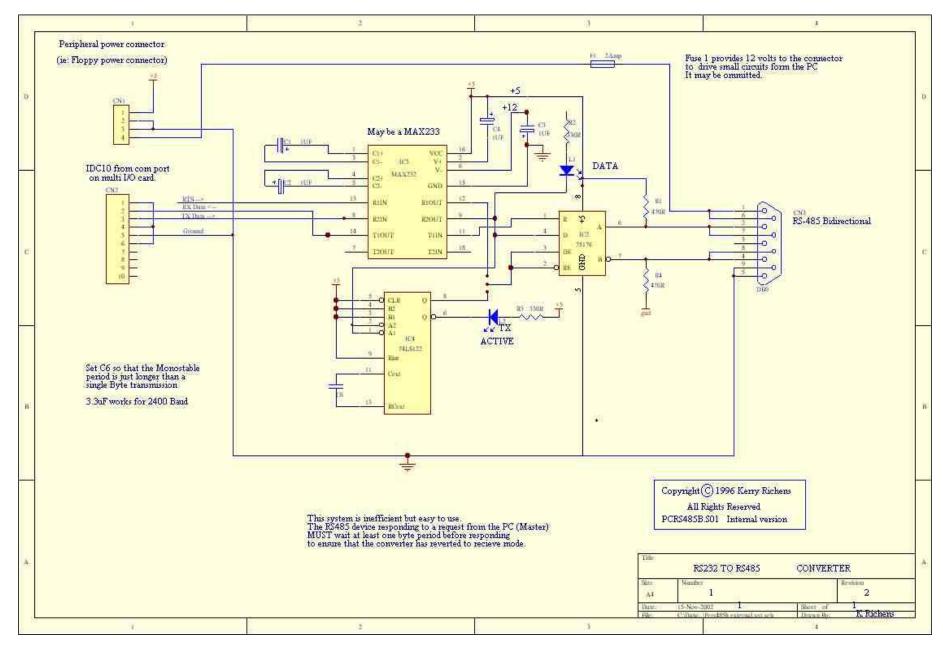
There are 2 types of send control systems.

Automatic

RTS/Software

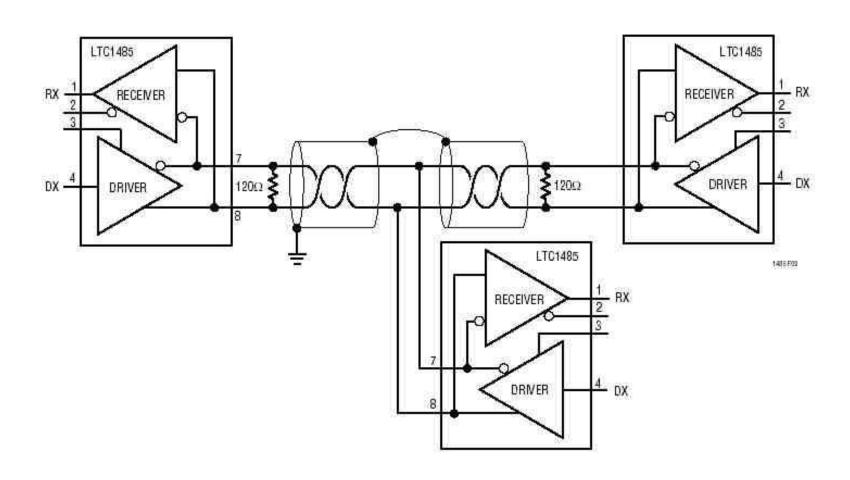


Converter Schematic



The 75176 Line Transceiver

An example of a simple network



Active Termination

 When the Master is inactive the line is completely tristated.

• The line must be actively forced to a '0' to ensure that noise does not present as data to the slaves.

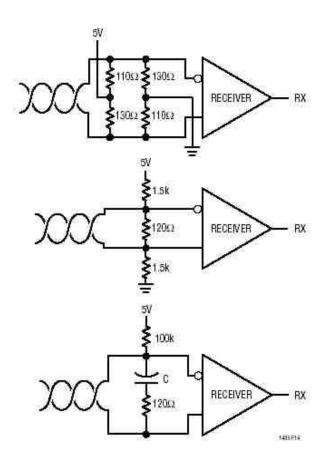
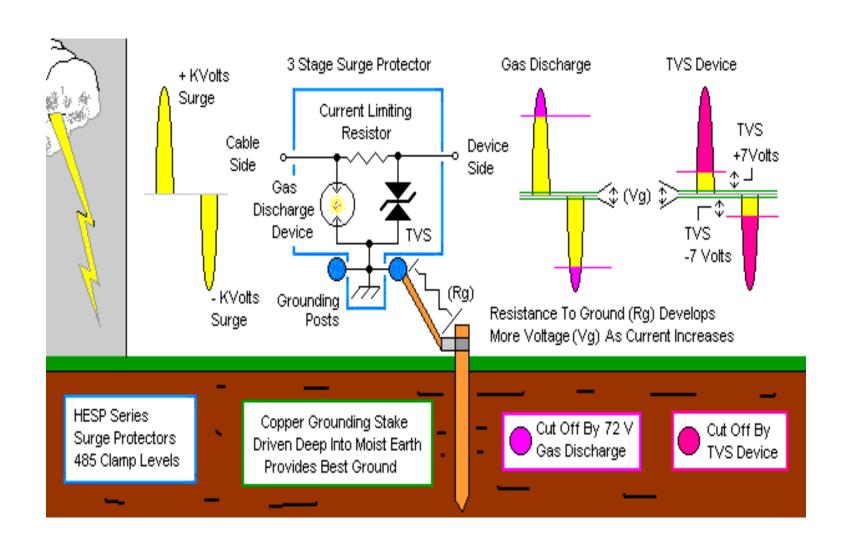


Figure 14. Forcing "O" When All Drivers Are Off

Example: Common Ground Surge Protection

• An example of single wire protection.



Optical Isolation

